INDICATORS OF SUSTAINABILITY IN MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS

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Abstract: The US military is a leader and innovator in sustainability. Around 2000, the US Army Forces Command (FORSCOM) launched the International Social Survey Program (ISSP). This effort engaged the facilities and surrounding stakeholder communities to identify a range of goal and objectives to promote sustainability within the Army.

The ISSP's initial efforts were confirmed and reinforced when US Army leaders presented a vision for sustainability in 2004 with the Army Environmental Strategy, which introduced the concept of "triple bottom line: mission, environment and community".

Keywords: Sustainability Indicators, Army, Installation Management Command, Water Indicator, Energy Indicator, Waste Indicator, Land Indicator, Economic Impact Indicator, Welfare Indicator.

SYNTHETIC PRESENTATION OF THE CHAPTERS

The US Army is a pioneer and innovator in the field of sustainability. Around 2000, the US Army Forces Command (FORSCOM) started the International Social Survey Program (ISSP). This effort engaged facilities and surrounding stakeholder communities in defining a set of goals and objectives to promote sustainability within the Army.

The ISSP's¹ initial efforts were emphasized and strengthened as US Army leadership presented a vision for sustainability in 2004 with the Army's Environmental Strategy, which introduced the concept of a "triple bottom line: mission, environment, and community."

In 2008, the first Army-wide Annual Sustainability Report was published. The Army continues to seek innovation on its path to

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¹ Iancu D. Management of the military organization - fundamental elements, "Nicolae Bălcescu", Sibiu, (Sibiu, Land Forces Academy Publishing House 2013), p. 121